

BY AUTHORITY.



NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden to bathe in the pool at Kapea Falls in Nuuanu Valley, or in any way to defile the water supplying the same or to trespass on the adjacent grounds.

Any person disregarding this notice will be prosecuted to the full extent of the laws.

CHAS. B. WILSON,
Superintendent of Water Works.
Approved.

CHAS. T. GULICK,
Minister of Interior.
Office Honolulu Water Works,
979 1m March 25th, 1885.

BISHOP & Co., BANKERS

Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.
Draw Exchange on the

Bank of California, S. F.

And their agents in

NEW YORK, BOSTON, HONG KONG.

Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Son, London.

The Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney, London.

The Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney, Sydney.

The Bank of New Zealand: Auckland, Christchurch, and Wellington.

The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria, B. C. and Portland, Or.

—AND—

Transact a General Banking Business.

669 1v

The Daily Bulletin.

Pledged to neither Side nor Party.

But established for the benefit of all.

MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1885.

THIS EVENING'S DOINGS.

Central Park Skating Rink and

Roller Coaster, afternoon and evening.

Yosemite Skating Rink 7.

Dramatic Co., Music Hall, 7:30.

Harmony Lodge, I.O.O.F., 7:30.

THE NEWS.

As usual, upon the arrival of a

mail steamer, we give up as much

space as possible to a summary of the

most important intelligence. Upon

this occasion the news is of a peculiarly

thrilling character. The probability

is that since the steamer left San Francisco

war has been declared between two of the mightiest empires

on earth, the British and the Russian.

Further news by the steamer due on Wednesday

will be anxiously awaited. News from the Soudan

and from Tongkin is in each case of an

unexpectedly tranquil nature. In the former

the Prophet's power seems to be breaking, and in the

latter a peace arrangement has actually

been signed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GENERAL GRANT STILL LIVING.

Up till April 12th General Grant

was able to walk about the house.

He was, however, in a critical condition,

having had attacks of hemorrhage in the throat.

The very latest report, signed by

Dr. Douglas, dated April 12th, 12.20

A. M., is as follows:—General Grant

had, at 11 o'clock, a severe paroxysm

of coughing, with a spasm of the glottis,

which was soon relieved. He is now sleeping.

Pulse 72, temperature regular.

Senator Chaffee said, after leaving

the General on the 11th, that the pleasant

weather had not brightened the General as much as he anticipated.

Grant's greatest regret when viewing the inevitable, is that he is

obliged to leave his family and life-long friends, and that the crowning

work of his life—his war history—will be left incomplete and in an

unfinished state. Otherwise he feels that his life-work and mission is

fulfilled and he is prepared to leave.

Queen Victoria sent an expression

of her sympathies as follows:—"AIX-

LES-BAINS, April 8, 1885.—Mrs. Gen. Grant, New York: The

Queen, who feels deeply for you in your

anxieties, commands me to inquire after

you. General Grant, Dowager Marchioness of Ely."

The following reply was sent:—"Marchioness of Ely, Aix-les-

Bains: Mrs. Grant thanks the Queen for her sympathy, and directs me to say that General Grant is no

better. COL. GRANT."

AMERICAN NEWS.

William Donovan, of Elmira, winner

of the recent six-day roller skating

match, died at the Putnam House, New York, April 10th, from

a relapse after an attack of pneumonia.

Ex-Judge Porter, the distinguished

lawyer and jurist, was stricken with

paralysis on April 11th, while attending

on his dying brother-in-law, John E. Cramer, of Waterford, New

York. The case is deemed hopeless.

Judge Porter won great distinction in his argument before the Senate Committee in the Trinity Church case, in his successful defense of Horace Greeley when sued for libel by DeWitt C. Littlejohn, and for his success in the great case of the Metropolitan Bank on the constitutionality of the Legal Tender Act. Among his other notable cases were his successful defense of General Babcock, Grant's Private Secretary; his part in the defense in the Tilton-Beecher case, and his conduct of the prosecution of Guiteau, the assassin of Garfield.

Ten miners were hopelessly entombed in a colliery at Shenandoah, Pa., on April 6th. They all had families.

Hon. John F. Finerty, ex-Member of Congress, and several other persons, were howled down and pelted with rotten eggs, when they attempted to address a meeting in Chicago, April 5th.

Mr. Frelinghuysen, ex-Secretary of State, is in a dying condition at Newark, New Jersey.

The first steel ship ever built on the Pacific Coast was launched from the yard of the Union Iron Works, at the Portrero, San Francisco Bay, on April 2nd. She is a screw steamer of 750 tons, built for the Newport Coal Company, and called the Arago.

On April 2nd, among other nominations, the Senate confirmed that of George W. Merrill, as Minister to the Hawaiian Islands.

For the first time in the history of Rhode Island, the Republicans have nominated a colored man—the Rev. Mahlon Van Horne—for Representative in the Legislature.

Francisco Jesus Lavernas, a Mexican, has been sentenced, at Merced, Cal., to the State Prison for thirty years, for indecent assault.

THE SOUDAN WAR.

On April 3rd General Graham captured Tamai, with a loss of only one killed and twelve wounded. During a 15 hours' march the previous day only seven fell out of the ranks.

A Dongola despatch of the 9th says the Mahdi has been severely defeated at El Obeid.

A few skirmishes constitute all the other fighting reported.

Gen. Wolseley arrived at Wady Halfa on the 6th, and was expected at Suakim.

The Australians are, with the Coldstream Guards, fortifying and defending Handoub.

General Stephenson, commanding the British forces on the Nile above Cairo, reports to the Government that it will be practically impossible to move the British troops from Dongola during the summer, because they would have to proceed so slowly. The Nile, he says, is not navigable from March to July, and deprived of water transportation, the soldiers would have to march along the river banks over mountain spurs, bare rocks and shelterless bluffs, under a sun that would be simply destructive.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

A BATTLE ON THE FRONTIER.

Negotiations between England and Russia were proceeding in the same way as at last previous advices, Russia showing an apparent disposition to make concessions for peace, until the 9th inst., when England was startled and aroused by the news that a battle had taken place between the Russians and the Afghans. Sir Peter Lumsden, the English Boundary Commissioner, sent a despatch, saying, "A large force of Russians from Pul-i-Khisti made a severe attack upon the Afghan outposts at Penjdeh." At this most important point the despatch was broken off, evidently through cutting of the wires. It was decided that Sir Peter Lumsden had gone at once to Gulran for the purpose of remaining on guard at Robat Pass, on the road to Herat. This surmise was proved correct by the receipt, later in the day, of a despatch from Sir Peter at Gulran, which stated officially that the Russians attacked the Afghans entrenched at Penjdeh and slaughtered 200 of the garrison. Seventy thousand British and Indians, now stationed along or near the northern Indian frontier, may, it is thought, reach Herat in time to prevent the capture of that important point by the Russians.

A RUSSIAN REPORT.

The Official Messenger of St. Petersburg published the following account of the affair: "General Komaroff reports that in consequence of hostile manifestations by the Afghans he was compelled to attack them. The Afghans were posted on both banks of the river Kushk in fortified positions. The fight occurred on the 30th of last month. The Afghan forces consisted of 4,000 men with eight guns. They were defeated with the loss of 500 men, all their artillery, two standards and their entire camp outfit. All the provisions of the Afghans were captured. The Russian loss was 3 subalterns and 10 soldiers killed and 29 wounded. When the fighting was ended General Komaroff returned across the river to the positions he had formerly occupied."

WAR NOTES.

The anti-Russian feeling in both parties in the House of Commons amounts to a passion. If Russia's explanation of the attack on the Afghans be delayed or be incomplete, the British Government will be forced to declare war or resign.

Consols fell 5 percent on the receipt of the news of the battle, which equals the fall in consols at the opening of the Crimean war.

It is stated that the orders to stop the advance of Russian troops, promised England to be issued, were delayed by the Russian authorities to give General Komaroff time to attack the Afghans.

General Wolseley is said to have been ordered to withdraw one-third of his force from the Soudan for service elsewhere. A confirmed report is that England has invited Italy to occupy Cairo and the Soudan.

THE NEWS IN PARLIAMENT.

The Ministry held a meeting of two hours before making any announcement in Parliament. Mr. Gladstone, in the House of Commons, said that on Saturday the Cabinet had decided Russia's proposal to accept the zone of survey marked out by England, provided it was extended southward to include the Paropamisus range of mountains, was unsatisfactory. Within the past twenty-four hours, however, a subsequent communication had been received from Russia, and this appeared, in the opinion of the Government, to place the matter in a more hopeful position. Questioned as to what this communication was, he declined to make any further statement in view of the grave occurrence just reported. Mr. Gladstone, continuing, said it was evident the Russians had attacked the Afghans, after having made every endeavor to induce the Afghans to begin the fight. It was apparent, though, that after the battle the Russians had retired to their former position, or, at least, to the left bank of the Kushk River, which might be equivalent to such retirement. Capt. Yates had talked to a Russian chief of staff about the conduct of the Russian soldiers, in attempting to force the Afghan picket lines repeatedly before the fight, being a violation of the Russian agreement to not advance pending the outcome of negotiations. The Russian officer knew nothing of such agreement, nor of the official despatch from St. Petersburg to London, March 17th, assuring England that orders would be at once sent to the Russian officers at the front, directing them to forbid any advance and do all in their power to prevent provocation of the Afghans. Mr. Gladstone said England had kept her part of this agreement. Up to March 30th, at least, the Afghans made no advance nor any forward movement of any kind so far as the information possessed by the Ministers went. The Government, Gladstone stated, must regard the attack by the Russians upon Penjdeh as unprovoked. The Government had asked an explanation of this attack from Russia, but of course sufficient time had not yet elapsed for the receipt of an answer. Sir Edward Thornton, British Ambassador to St. Petersburg, had, however, last night telegraphed that De Giers, Russian Prime Minister, expressed for himself and for the Czar the earnest hope that this unhappy incident might not prevent the continuation of the negotiations for peace. This remark was greeted with shouts and derisive laughter.

Replying to further enquiries, Mr. Gladstone said that there was some confusion as to whether the Russians had occupied Penjdeh. Sir Edward Thornton, English Minister at St. Petersburg, reported that De Giers had said the Russians did not occupy Penjdeh.

A NEW PHASE.

Later in the evening, Mr. Gladstone, on the strength of a fresh despatch from Sir Peter Lumsden, modified his previous statement that the Afghans had made no advance either before or after March 17th. Sir Peter now said, "that when the Russians threatened an attack on the Afghan position by an advance in force on Ak-Tep, the Afghans threw out a vidette and extended their pickets to Pul-i-Khisti, on the left bank of the Kushk River, and gradually strengthened this position, until, on March 30th, the bulk of their force had been transferred across the river. Sir Peter Lumsden is of the opinion the movement does not constitute an actual advance on the part of the Afghans, but merely the occupation of a more advantageous military position."

In addition to this information, a letter from Meshed, dated March 7, tells of an Afghan force from Herat having driven the Russian troops from the Zulfigar pass. Forty Russian soldiers and two officers were driven to seek refuge on the Persian side of the Herirud River. M. Lesar, the Russian-Afghan Boundary Commissioner, at present in London, said if the news was true it afforded a complete explanation of General Komaroff's attack on the Afghans at Penjdeh.

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An alliance between Russia and Turkey is considered probable in St. Petersburg, and the Mussulmans in the Caucasus are convinced Turkey is on the side of Russia. The latest is that Turkey, on the advice of Bismarck, will remain neutral.

All the leading London papers agree that war is scarcely avoidable. The Government is determined to accept no more assurances of a desire for peace on the part of Russia, unless they are accompanied by a withdrawal of troops from the disputed territory. War preparations are being accelerated with all possible vigor.

Part of the British squadron in Chinese waters has been ordered to rendezvous at Port Hamilton, an island in the Korean Archipelago recently taken possession of by England with the consent of China. As Port Hamilton commands the entrance to the Sea of Japan, and largely commands the way to the Russian ports on the Pacific, this order has been issued, it is believed, with a view to attack Vladivostok if war with Russia is declared.

An order for six fast iron cruisers of the Esmeralda pattern has been received in Philadelphia, it is believed from Russia. The Esmeralda is regarded as the highest type of war vessel that floats. It was built for Chile in England by Sir William Armstrong, and is about 4,000 tons.

It is stated in Washington, on the authority of a naval officer, that the Russian Minister to the United States has endeavored to secure the services of a naval officer there in purchasing a number of the small vessels used between San Francisco and Sandwich Islands in the transportation of sugar. The vessels are to be used, the officer says, in preying upon English commerce in Japanese and Indian waters should war be declared between Russia and England.

Both Russia and England are busily engaged in correspondence with other powers, and are actively courting alliances. If English negotiations with Turkey succeed, the most important immediate result will be the opening of Dardanelles to the British fleet.

British-Indian detachments of troops, under command of General Stewart, are marching to Quetta.

Ayoub Khan, ex-Ameer of Afghanistan, has been arrested by the Persian authorities, on demand of the British Minister at Teheran, because it was thought he meditated flight into his old dominions for the purpose of stirring up his former subjects against Abdurrahman Khan, present ruler, and in favor of Russia. The report is corroborated, and it is stated that Ayoub Khan had arranged to go to Askabad and there join the Russian troops, whom he meant to accompany into Afghanistan, where he intended to set up his claims to the present Ameer's throne.

The Russian Minister of War, speaking to a circle of officers in St. Petersburg on April 11th, said he had the assurance of the Czar that the Russian troops might advance, but they would never retire.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says that decorations and rewards have already been conferred by telegraph on the Russian officers and soldiers who took part in the battle with the Afghans.

The Presidency of Bengal has offered \$3,500,000 to aid in preserving the integrity of the British Empire.

The accounts of Afghan losses in the recent engagement are conflicting. It is asserted that some hundred Afghans were literally massacred. Sir Peter Lumsden has broken camp at Gulran and is marching on Tirpud, a station on the Heri-Rud, near Kusan. The force was overtaken on the march by a severe snowstorm, which caused several deaths and great suffering among the retinue.

British supplies going through the Bolan Pass are to be increased from 100 to 200 tons daily.

War risks have greatly risen on British vessels. Members of the British army reserve in Canada, who number 4,000, are ordered to return to England.

There is great excitement in the money and produce markets of Europe and America, over the war news.

PUZZLE DEPARTMENT.

SQUARE WORD.

1. A wanderer. 2. A kind of moulding. 3. Good. 4. Lately. 5. To give out.

NUMERICAL ENIGMA.—I.

I am a word of six letters.

My 4, 2, 1, is part of the body.

My 6, 3, 1, is a bird.

My whole is seen in every house.

SIBYL.

NUMERICAL ENIGMA.—II.

I am composed of two syllables, containing eleven letters.

My 1, 2, 9, 10, 4, is a fish.

My 7, 11, 3, is a fruit.

My 6, 8, 5, is necessary to all.

My whole is a great man's name.

V. F.

ANSWERS TO LAST PUZZLES.

To transposition—Loaf-foal.

To Numerical enigma—Hawian Dandy.

Answer to enigma received from A. Perry.

GRAND OPENING ! GRAND OPENING !! GRAND OPENING !!!

— AT THE —

TEMPLE of FASHION

Nos. 61, 63 and 65 Fort Street,
APRIL 18th, 20th, & 21st.

S. COHN & CO. beg to announce to the public that they will open their New Store, formerly occupied by Messrs. Richardson & Co. with the most fashionable and complete stock of

Gentlemen's Clothing & Furnishing Goods.

While trying to please and cater to the wants of our Gentlemen patrons, we have also remembered the LADIES, and have opened the finest, most complete and fashionable

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT IN THE KINGDOM.

At the head of which reigns the celebrated MISS BURKE, a Lady whose experience alone should recommend her to the patronage of every Lady in Honolulu. Particular attention is called to our Stock of Millinery Goods, which is, without exception, the finest ever imported to these Islands. All we ask is a call on our Grand Opening Days which will be sufficient to prove our assertion.

JOSEPH E. WISEMAN,

The Only Recognized General Business Agent on the Hawaiian Islands.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Offices in Campbell's Fire-proof Building, 27 Merchant St., Honolulu, H. I.

P. O. Box 315 Telephone 172.

DEPARTMENTS:

REAL ESTATE AGENT—Buys and sells Real Estate in all parts of the Kingdom. Rents Offices, Houses, Cottages and Rooms.

SOLICITING AGENT FOR WILDER'S INTER-ISLAND STEAMERS—Tourists and the Traveling Public will apply to me for Tickets and information to the Volcano.

SOLICITING AGENT FOR THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK—The Largest, Grandest and Soundest Institution of its kind in the World.

AGENT FOR THE GREAT BURLINGTON RAILWAY ROUTE IN AMERICA—This Route excels all other routes going East, the scenery being the grandest, the meals the choicest and the Palace and Dining Cars the handsomest and most comfortable.

EMPLOYMENT AGENT—Finds Employment for all seeking work in the various branches of industry on the Islands.

SOLICITING AGENT FOR THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE CO.—The best known Company in the Islands.

CUSTOM HOUSE BROKER—Enters Goods at Custom House, pays and discharges Freight and Duty Bills under power of Attorney.

MONEY BROKER—Lends Money at all times on first-class security.

GENERAL BUSINESS AGENT—Legal Papers of every description drawn. Bills Distributed and Collected. Books and Accounts kept and adjusted. Records Searched. Rents Collected. Taxes and Insurance on Property looked after. Copying and Engrossing done. Advertisements, Newspaper Articles, Correspondence and Commercial Business of every nature promptly and accurately attended to.

AGENT FOR THE NEW MUSIC HALL AT HONOLULU—Companies abroad will correspond with me for terms, etc. Orders for Island Shells, Curios, Lava Specimens, Native Views and Photos carefully filled and forwarded to all parts of the World.

Information appertaining to the Islands given and all correspondence faithfully answered.

JOSEPH E. WISEMAN.

General Business Agent, Honolulu Hawaiian Islands.

FURNISHED ROOMS

FOR MAN and wife, with accommodation to cook for themselves, or board with the family. Apply at 187 Nuuanu Street. 979 1f

TO LET.

THE STORE lately occupied by Samuel Nott, in Campbell's Block, on Fort Street. Apply to L. A. THURSTON, or B. F. DILLINGHAM. Honolulu, April 1, 1885. 985 1f

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having heard their brother, Y. ALAU, intends marrying in this country, desire to inform all concerned that he is engaged to a woman in China. AH WA. Honolulu, March 19th, 1885. 973 2m

For Sale or Exchange.

THE HOUSE and premises No. 210 King St., owned and occupied by H. N. McCleskey, Esq. This desirable residence will be sold or exchanged for improved or unimproved property. For particulars apply to AVERY & PALMER. 992 2w

NOTICE.

ON ACCOUNT of departure from the Kingdom, all persons owing me are requested to make immediate payment to L. A. THURSTON, 88 Merchant Street, who has a full power of attorney to transact all business for me in my absence. He is authorized to receipt for all moneys due me, and to enforce payment of unpaid claims. SAMUEL NOTT. Honolulu, March 13, 1885. 969 2m

A Beautiful Seaside Resort.

MRS. A. F. MORRIS takes pleasure in announcing that she has leased The Beautiful Seaside Residence

Of Mr. Allen Herbert, at WAIKIKI, Honolulu's famous summer resort, and is prepared to accommodate parties desirous of enjoying the balmy air, unsurpassed sea-bathing, and tropical rest and quiet of this charming place. Every facility is offered for the perfect enjoyment of this ideal watering place. By special arrangement Dodd's Line of Busses will take passengers to the entrance of the place, when two or more offer.

For terms, etc., apply to Mr. Congdon, Telephone No. 302, Queen St., Honolulu, or to the undersigned, at the residence.

MRS. A. F. MORRIS. Waikiki Telephone, No. 357. Lessee. 966 8m

Central Park Skating Rink

Open every Afternoon from 2 to 5 and each Evening from 7½ to 9½.

Admission 25 Cts.

Skates Free in Afternoons.

Tuesday and Friday Nights,

The ELITE CLUB Meets, and only

Ladies Admitted Free,

ON SKATES 25 CENTS.

Roller Coaster Runs

Monday, Thursday & Saturday Nights. 991

FOR SALE.